## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MODEL 853 \& 853-1 PRESSURE SWITCH

The model 853 pressure switch is a 0 to 6000 PSI adjustable pressure switch designed for either pneumatic or liquid service. The model 853-1 is the same as the 853 except it employs a temperature compensating element. It's primary purpose is to permit filling natural gas cylinders on a cold day without the danger of the cylinders becoming over pressurized if moved to a warm area. Consequently the set pressure of the 853-1 decreases with temperature.

## SPECIFICATIONS

| Maximum pressure | 6000 PSI (40 MPa) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Electrical rating | $5 \mathrm{amps}, 250 \mathrm{~V}$ AC |
|  | UL \& CSA listed |
| Switch | SPDT (NO \& NC) |
| Operating temperature | -50F to 160F |
| Pressure connection | 1/4" male NPT |
| Electrical end connection | 1/2" male NPT |
| Size | 7/8" hex x 3.1" long |
| Materials | body - anodized alum internals - brass, <br> stainless, Viton (TM) |
| Temperature compensation 853 - none |  |
|  | 853-1 - approx. 9 PSI per degree $F$ |
|  | 853-2- approx 12 PS per degree $F$ |
| Dead band | 200-300 PSI |
| DESCRIPTION OF | PERATION |

Referring to drawing 853 (assembly drawing), pressure acts on the piston item (2) and seal (15). Movement of the piston is transmitted to the electrical switch (12). Springs (14) provide the force against which the pressure acts. In model 853-1 only temperature compensation is made by sensing elements (7) and (13) causing a change in length of actuator (8).

## OPERATION \& MAINTENANCE

Set pressure can be changed by loosening lock nut (4) and turning housing (6) in body (1) then retightening the lock nut. Unscrewing the housing increases pressure. A full turn will change the set pressure about 5000 PSI so only small movements are needed. Avoid removing the housing from the body. This could lead to lost parts or confusion on how to reassemble the unit. The electrical leads are coded as follows: black - common, red - normally closed, white - normally open. No routine maintenance is required. If required for repairs, the unit can be disassembled and reassembled by following the drawings. In the 853-1 temperature compensated model, sensing elements (13) and spacers (7) are stacked on actuator (8) as follows. First one (13) then one (7) then two (13), then one (7) and finally one (13). Lettering on items (13) are always on the sides, NOT in contact with spacers (7). The spacers are brass colored and the sensing elements are steel colored. IN ALL CASES THE UNIT CAN BE RETURNED TO THE FACTORY OR DEALER FOR REPAIR UNDER WARRANTY OR AT A NOMINAL CHARGE. Maintenance or repairs can be done by qualified personnel in a clean environment by following the drawings and parts lists herein.

## INSTALLATION

Use a suitable pipe thread sealant such as Teflon tape on inlet threads. Avoid over torquing pipe thread. Normal torque applied with a 6 or 8 inch long wrench is ample. Use ample teflon tape - 3 or 4 turns, not 1 or 2 turns. The switch is NOT shipped oxygen clean and should NOT be used for oxygen service as provided. Consult the factory for details on oxygen service.

## ASSEMBLY \& DISASSEMBLY MODEL 853 \& 853-1 PRESSURE SWITCHES

| ITEM | QTY | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 857 | body |
| 2 | 1 | 858 | piston, for 853-1 assy |
|  | 1 | 867 | piston, for 853 assy |
| 3 | 1 | 859 | retaining nut |
| 4 | 1 | 511 | lock nut |
| 5 | 1 | 864 | holder |
| 6 | 1 | 863 | housing |
| 7 | 2 | 861 | spacer, 853-1 assy only |
| 8 | 1 | 860 | actuator, 853-1 assy only |
| 9 | 1 | 855-9 | retainer |
| 10 | 2 | 855-10 | washer |
| 11 | 1 | 855-11 | spring |
| 12 | 1 | 855-12 | switch |
| 13 | 4 | 855-13 | sensor, temp.(853-1 only) |
| 14 | $\begin{aligned} & 8(-1) \\ & 6(-2) \end{aligned}$ | 855-14 | springs |
| 15 | 1 | 855-15 | seal, 2-008,Viton 90 duro |
| 16 | A/R | 855-16 | wire, 16 " long, <br> 22 gauge, stranded insulated, (red, black, \& white) |
| Notes: |  |  |  |

1. Tech Bul. - 856
2. Pack area around seal with Cristo-Lube 121 or equiv. grease.
853 assy
3. Add one drop of red locktite to threads of item 9 after assembly.
Add via side hole in item1. Avoid getting Locktite on other areas.
4. Tighten item 3 about $1 / 2$ of flat on hex ( $1 / 12$ turn) beyond point where springs item 14 start to load. This is about finger tight - no tools required.
5. Solder red \#20 braid wire to NC contact on switch, white wire to NO and black wire to C .
6. Stack springs (14) with taper as shown.
7. For 853-1 stack two sets, each consisting of a spacer (7) between two sensors (12), on actuator (8). Insure writing on sensors is away from the brass colored spacers.
8. When soldering wires to switch item 12 use electronic solder and insure no bare wire extends beyond edge of switch where it might contact item 5 or 6 .
9. On assembly avoid getting any grease or grease film on threads of items 1 and 3 where locktite must bond. 10. Insure switch item 12 bottoms in holder item 5 and holder 5 bottoms in housing item 6.
10. After soldering wires to switch, bend wires up and toward center of switch such that washer 10 will center on switch and rest against switch contacts without side load. NOTE - if wires are not positioned correctly, switch holder 5 will not bottom in housing 6.
11. Grease full length of item 2 with Dow 111, especially on area against item 3.

